

SMT. C.Z.M. GOSRANI B.C.A. COLLEGE

Semester 3 - MCQ Question Bank

Subject: Oracle

No.	Question
1	THE 'RELATIONAL MODEL' OF DATABASE WAS INTRODUCED BY
2	THE STANDARD LANGUAGE TO WORK WITH DATABASE IS
3	WHICH OUT OF FOLLOWING SATISFY ALL 12 RULES FOR IDEAL DBMS?
4	IN RDBMS, THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION IS REPRESENTED BY
5	TYPES OF RELATIONSHIP IN RDBMS MAY BE
6	NORMALIZATION IS USED FOR WHAT PURPOSE?
7	A TABLE MUST HAVE PRIMARY KEY. (TRUE/FALSE/CANNOT SAY/NONE OF THE MENTIONED).
8	ORACLE OFFERS PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DATA INDEPENDENCE (TRUE/FALSE/CANNOT SAY/NONE OF THE MENTIONED).
9	WHEN THE TABLES ARE FORMED WITH PRIMARY KEYS, THE DBMS IS IN WHICH STATE OF NORMALIZATION?
10	THE QUERY IS PROCESSED BY (CLIENT /NETWORK/SERVER/ALL OF ABOVE)
11	THE DEFAULT ACCOUNTS CREATED AUTOMATICALLY AFTER INSTALLATION OF ORACLE IS _____.
12	SQL COMMANDS CAN BE WRITTEN IN MIXED CASE (UPPER CASE + LOWER CASE). (TRUE/FALSE/ALWAYS CAPITAL/ALWAYS SMALL)
13	SELECT * FROM TAB - COMMAND DISPLAYS WHAT INFORMATION?
14	IN ORACLE, ORDER BY CLAUSE CAN ARRANGE DATA USING ONE COLUMN ONLY (TRUE/FALSE/CANNOT SAY/NONE OF ABOVE)
15	DISTINCT OPTION MAY BE USED FOR WHICH PURPOSE?
16	THE AGGREGATE FUNCTION IS (MIN/COUNT/SUM/ALL OF ABOVE)
17	USING LIKE OPERATOR, WE MAY COMPARE SINGLE CHARACTER WITH _____.
18	THE RESULT OF LOGICAL OPERATION: TRUE AND NULL WILL BE _____.
19	TO DISPLAY NUMERIC VALUE INSTEAD OF NULL VALUE, WE MAY USE (NULL ())/NVL()/BOTH OF ABOVE/NONE OF ABOVE).
20	THE SYMBOL OF CONCATENATION OPERATOR IS
21	THE SQL STATEMENT: "SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SALARY = NULL IS" DOES WHAT?
22	THE 'IN' OPERATOR RETURNS TRUE WHEN
23	EXISTS OPERATOR RETURNS TRUE WHEN
24	IN ORACLE, THE DATE DATA TYPE CAN STORE
25	WHICH IS THE PSEUDO-COLUMN IN THE ORACLE TABLE?
26	WHICH IS THE DML STATEMENT? (FIND THE CORRECT DML STATEMENT FROM THE OPTIONS)
27	VALUE INSERTED AUTOMATICALLY FOR NUMERIC COLUMNS, IF IT IS NOT SUPPLIED IS
28	WHEN CONSTRAINT IS IN ENABLE STATE, IT GURARANTEE THAT ALL ROWS SATISFIES RULES. (FALSE/TRUE/CONSTRAINT CANNOT BE ENABLED/CANNOT SAY ABOUT NULL VALUE)
29	TOTAL NUMBER OF PRIMARY KEY IN THE TABLE IS _____. (0 (ZERO)/ONE/BOTH OF ABOVE/NONE OF ABOVE)
30	TOTAL NO. OF FOREIGN KEY IN THE TABLE (0 (ZERO)/ONE/BOTH OF ABOVE/NONE OF ABOVE)

31 INNER JOIN IS ALSO CALLED
32 INNER JOIN RETURNS
33 WHICH ONE IS THE DDL STATEMENT (FIND THE CORRECT DDL STATEMENT FROM THE OPTIONS)
34 WHICH ONE IS THE TCL STATEMENT (FIND THE CORRECT TCL STATEMENT FROM THE OPTIONS)
35 TO ALLOW EVERYBODY TO ACCESS SOME OBJECT, THE PRIVILEGES SHOULD BE GRANTED TO
(PUBLIC/SYSTEM/DBA/ALL OF ABOVE)
36 ROLE CAN BE ASSIGNED WITH:
37 THE SQL STATEMENT 'SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE EXISTS (SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SAL > 1000 AND SAL
<=1000)' WILL RETURN:
38 THE NVL FUNCTION IS USED TO
39 WHAT IS NOT CORRECT FOR VIEW? (CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTIONS)
40 THE USER MAKES CHANGES IN TABLE USING VIEW. AFTERWARD HE/SHE DROPS THE VIEW. WHAT WILL HAPPEN
TO TABLE DATA?
41 THE SEQUENCE OBJECT ALWAYS GENERATES
42 JUST AFTER CREATING THE SEQUENCE, THE CURRVAL WILL BE
43 INDEX IS USED TO
44 WHICH INDEX SHOULD BE PREFERRED WHEN THE COLUMN HAS MANY DISTINCT VALUES
45 BITMAP INDEX SHOULD BE USED WHEN
46 WHEN THE INDEX IS NOT CREATED, ORACLE RETRIEVES ROWS
47 SYNONYM IS AN
48 ONE OBJECT CAN HAVE (MULTIPLE VIEW/MULTIPLE SYNONYM/MULTIPLE COLUMNS/ALL OF ABOVE)
49 THE MAXIMUM NO. OF COLUMNS IN THE VIEW MAY BE
50 WHICH PART OF PL/SQL BLOCK IS MANDATORY?
51 INSIDE PL/SQL BLOCK, THE USE OF DEFAULT VALUE IS MANDATORY WHEN (VARIABLE WITH 'NOT NULL'
DECLARATION/IN CASE OF CONSTANT/NONE OF ABOVE/BOTH OF ABOVE)
52 WHEN THE VARIABLE IS NOT INITIALIZED IN PL/SQL BLOCK, IT CONTAINS
53 IN PL/SQL BLOCK, SINGLE LINE COMMENT CAN BE INSERTED USING:
54 WHEN THE SIZE AND TYPE OF COLUMN IS LIKELY TO BE CHANGED, WE SHOULD DECLARE THE VARIABLE OF TYPE
55 WHICH LOOP CAN BE WRITTEN AS EITHER 'ENTRY CONTROL, OR 'EXIT CONTROL' IN ORACLE?
56 SQL % IS OPEN ALWAYS RETURNS
57 FETCH STATEMENT IS REQUIRED IN
58 %ROWCOUNT RETURNS
59 IN CASE OF PARAMETERIZED CURSOR, WE MAY DECLARE
60 THE DATA TYPE THAT IS NOT SUPPORTED BY ORACLE TABLE BUT PL/SQL IS
61 THE FULL FORM OF PL IN PL/SQL IS
62 THE PARAMETERS OF PROCEDURE / FUNCTION MAY BE OF TYPE
63 FOR WRITE ONLY ACCESS, THE PARAMETER MODE MUST BE
64 THE DEFAULT PARAMETER MODE IS
65 ALL USER OBJECTS INFORMATION CAN BE DISPLAYED USING

- 66 WHICH STATEMENT IS TRUE ABOUT PACKAGE?
- 67 WHICH STATEMENT IS FALSE ABOUT PACKAGE?
- 68 WHICH STATEMENT IS TRUE ABOUT TRIGGER?
- 69 WHICH TYPE OF TRIGGER WILL BE FIRED FIRST - WHEN EVENT OCCURS?
- 70 :OLD AND :NEW ARE
- 71 THE VALUE OF :NEW IS NULL IN CASE OF
- 72 INSTEAD OF TRIGGER' CAN BE DEFINED ON
- 73 EXCEPTION CAN BE RAISED USING
- 74 WHICH OUT OF FOLLOWING IS TRIGGER PREDICATES?
- 75 ORACLE SERVER CONSIST OF (ORACLE DATABASE/ORACLE INSTANCE/BOTH OF ABOVE/NONE OF ABOVE)
- 76 THE PART OF PHYSICAL LAYER IS
- 77 TO RECOVER THE DATABASE IN THE EVENT OF AN INSTANCE FAILURE
- 78 WHICH HAS SAME SIZE?
- 79 WHICH ORACLE BACKGROUND PROCESS IS NOT MANDATORY
- 80 WHICH PROCESS PERFORMS INSTANCE RECOVERY AT INSTANCE STARTUP?
- 81 WHICH TABLE SPACE IS CREATED AUTOMATICALLY
- 82 WHICH TABLE SPACE IS USEFUL WHILE SORTING DATA
- 83 THE INITIALIZATION PARAMETERS ARE STORED IN THE FILE
- 84 WHICH FILE IS NOT CREATED BY SQL * LOADER
- 85 THE SQL * LOADER STORES FILTERED RECORDS IN FILE
- 86 THE SQL * LOADER GETS INFORMATION ABOUT INPUT FILE AND INPUT FORMAT FROM
- 87 THE FIRST STEP TO START THE DATABASE IS
- 88 THE HEALTHY METHOD OF DATABASE SHUTDOWN IS
- 89 IN SHUTDOWN TRANSACTIONAL (CURRENT TRANSACTIONS ARE ALLOWED TO BE COMPLETED/NO NEW TRANSACTIONS ARE PERMITTED/INSTANCE RECOVERY IS NOT NEEDED/ALL OF ABOVE)
- 90 THE CURRENT ACTIVE TRANSACTIONS ARE ROLL BACK IN
- 91 THE OBJECT ON REMOTE DATABASE CAN BE REFERRED USING
- 92 DBMS_SCHEDULER.create_program, this statement does what?
- 93 DBMS_SCHEDULER.create_schedule, this statement does what?
- 94 DBMS_SCHEDULER.create_job, this statement does what?
- 95 A program tells DBMS_SCHEDULER as to what to execute. It is capable of executing:
- 96 Oracle includes which of the given automated database maintenance tasks?
- 97 The "Global Status" switch allows you to enable or disable all automated tasks for all maintenance windows.
- 98 The "Task Settings" section allows you to enable or disable individual tasks from all maintenance windows.
- 99 The "Maintenance Window Group Assignment" section provides the most granular level of control. It allows tasks to be removed or added to individual maintenance windows.
- 100 All maintenance windows are assigned to the "DEFAULT_MAINTENANCE_PLAN" resource plan by default.